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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine
Washington, D. C.

B. E. P. Q. 484 January 13, 1939.

PLANT-QUARANTINE IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

OF THE

REPUBLIC OF BOLIVIA

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REPUBLIC OF BOLIVIA

This digest of the plant-quarantine import restrictions of the Republic of Bolivia has been prepared for the information of nurserymen, plant-quarantine officials, and others interested in the exportation of plants and plant products to that country.

It was prepared by Harry B. Shaw, Plant Quarantine Inspector in Charge, Foreign Service Information, Division of Foreign Plant Quarantines, from the original text of the supreme decree of May 28, 1937, creating and regulating the Bolivian Plant Protection Service (Servicio de Policia Sanitaria Vegetal) and reviewed by the Chief of that Service.

The information contained in this circular is believed to be correct and complete up to the time of its preparation, but it is not intended to be used independently of, nor as a substitute for, the original text, and it is not to be interpreted as legally authoritative.

Chief, Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine.

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BASIC LEGISLATION

Supreme Decree of May 28, 1937, creating and regulating the Plant Protection Service (Servicio de Policia Sanitaria Vegetal).

This decree is divided into four chapters including domestic phytosanitary regulations (articles 1 to 6), regulations on plant importation (articles 7 to 12), those on plants for exportation (articles 13 to 16), and general provisions (articles 17 to 23). Only Chapter II, including articles 7 to 12, is included in this digest.

SUMMARY

Importation Prohibited

PLANTS AND PARTS OF PLANTS that carry agricultural pests.

Importation Restricted

PLANTS AND PARTS OF PLANTS: Every shipment must be accompanied by a phytosanitary inspection certificate issued by competent authority of the country of origin and is subject to inspection on arrival.

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Import Permit Required

Article 7. Applications for permits to introduce plants or parts thereof shall be made to the Chief of the Plant Protection Service (Servicio de Policia Sanitaria Vegetal), and shall contain the following data:

(a) Name and address of the importer.
(b) Name and kind of product.
(c) Country of origin.
(d) Purpose for which the product is intended (planting, sowing, or sale).
(e) Customs office or route through which the importation is made.

Phytosanitary Certificate Required

Art. 7 Cont'd. For its clearance through the customhouse concerned, the presentation to the agents of the phytosanitary service is required of a phytosanitary certificate issued by competent authority of the country of origin.

Inspection on Arrival

Art. 8. The requirements of the preceding article having been complied with, the agent of the Plant Protection Service will determine the good sanitary condition of the imported products in the frontier customhouse and will issue a signed certificate authorizing the continuation of transportation.

Notice of Arrival

Art. 9. Importers of plants or parts of plants are required to notify the Plant Protection Service of the arrival of the merchandise at the customhouse where delivery is to be made to the interested person or at the railroad station of destination, in order that the said service may have it inspected by one of its officials, who will carry out a new disinfection, if necessary, before which the importer will declare the purpose of the importation (planting or sowing).

Disposal of Infested Plants

Art. 10. If the agent of the Plant Protection Service finds danger of infection, he will adopt one of the following measures:

(a) Disinfection within 15 days with materials that he indicates, at the expense of the interested person.
(b) Incineration in the presence of the interested person, or of any authority who witnesses the operation, within a period of 10 days, without responsibility to the State with respect to indemnity.
(c) Quarantine of suspected importations during which investigations of the case are made.

Plants Carried by Passengers not Exempt from Certification

Art. 11. Railroad passengers are prohibited from carrying living plants or parts thereof with them unless those products are accompanied by the corresponding phytosanitary certificate issued by competent authorities. The presentation of this certificate should be required both by the agents of the Plant Protection Service

and railroad conductors.

The lack of the certificate will result in the confiscation of the plants carried, without right to indemnity.

Art. 12. It is the function of the Plant Protection Service to specify "Posts of Agriculture" in order to prevent the importation of plants or parts thereof that contain them.

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